BY J. L. PENNINGTON & CO.

TERMS AND SUBSCRIPTION.

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" 6 months.....5 00
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" 6 months.....2 00

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JOB PRINTING.

There being connected with the Progress establishment a Job Office equal to any in the City or State, we are prepared to execute all orders for BOOK and JOB PRINTING. Orders solicited and promptly attended to.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

[TELEGRAPHIC REPORTS FOR THE PRESS ASSOCIATION.]

Entered according to act of Congress, in the year 1861, by J. B. Thrasher in the Clerk's Office of the District Court of the Confederate States of the Northern District of Georgia.

From Richmond.

RICHMOND, June, 7.—Gen. Lee's dispatches last night only confirm the withdrawal of the enemy from our left and a part of the centre.

Nothing from the Valley this morning.

Gen. Wm. E. Jones was killed near Staunton Sunday.

All the trains were brought off safely to Waynesboro.

All citizens captured prior to the 7th, are paroled, and all soldiers delivered at City Point to this date are declared exchanged.

[SECOND DISPATCH.]

BATTLE GROUND NEAR GAINES' MILLS, June 6th, 7 p. m.—Last evening, Grant sent in a flag of truce, proposing that in the intervals of fighting unarmed parties should be permitted to bury the dead and care for the wounded. This Gen. Lee declined, but intimated a willingness to entertain a regular flag of truce for these purposes. Grant sent another flag, saying he would avail himself of understanding to send unarmed parties to bury the dead and care for the wounded. Gen. Lee promptly replied, showing Grant that he had misunderstood his letter and here the matter rests.

Heavy firing last night, but it amounted to nothing.

Last night the enemy abandoned our left and a part of our centre apparently in great haste. Early has followed them ten miles to-day capturing sixty prisoners, who say Grant has gone to the White House because his men will not fight. The impression here, however, is that Grant is making for James river to cross to the South Side. A little sharpshooting on our left to-day.

[THIRD DISPATCH.]

BATTLE FIELD, NEAR GAINES' MILL, June 7th, 8 p. m. The telegram last evening should have read, Early followed the enemy two miles, and not ten. After going this far and finding the enemy entrenched behind Totopotomy creek, with a swamp in front, Early did not go further. Condition of affairs on the left unchanged to-day. The enemy are still in front of Hill and Anderson, but they are reported to be moving to the right.

Last evening Grant sent another flag, asking permission to bury the dead. This was granted and time allowed from seven to ten last night. Grant did not get the answer in time, so the dead are not buried. Grant sent Gen. Lee another flag this morning, for what purpose has not transpired.

Some picket and artillery firing to-day.

Congressional.

RICHMOND, June 7.—The Senate was chiefly occupied on the House bill amending the tax laws. No final action taken.

Resolutions requesting the President to inform the Senate if any officers of the provisional government are still discharging the duties of the offices to which they were originally appointed, were after debate transferred to the secret calendar.

The House indefinitely postponed the Senate bill amending the Currency act. Passed bill to compensate Asylum surgeon commissioners and concurred in Senate's amendment to bill increasing the pay of the army. Both Houses finally passed bill increasing the pay of the General Officers of the army.

Later from the North.

RICHMOND, June 7.—The Washington *Chronicle* of the 2d say Grant's communication with the White House is complete. The Railroad between West Point and the White House will be put in operation.

Brownsville, Texas, is threatened by two thousand rebels.

Gold 89¾.

European advices to the 20th received. Parliament has re-assembled. Palmerston's health is restored. Accounts of the Pope's health are alarming.

There is an impression in the Stock Exchange in London that there is some truth in the report of Grant's victories over Lee. The Confederate loan declined three per cent. The news caused an unsettled feeling in commercial circles.

Granville County.—C. H. K. TAYLOR for the Senate, C. L. JAS. S. AMIS, MARK LANIER and Dr. P. W. YOUNG for the Commons. The above ticket is recommended to the voters of Granville to represent us in the next General Assembly,

June 3-d1tw1t BY MANY CITIZENS.

We are authorized to announce R. M. WELBORN as a candidate to represent the county of Wilkes in the House of Commons at the ensuing election.

June 3-d4w1d

To the Voters of Wayne County.—In response to the solicitations of numerous friends I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of Sheriff. If elected I shall endeavor to discharge the duties of the office faithfully. DAVID McKINNIE.

June 4-6t

For Sheriff of Chatham.—We are authorized and requested to announce WM. ALBRIGHT as a candidate for the Sheriffalty of Chatham county at the election in August next. May 17-wtd

We are authorized to announce THOMAS J. WHITAKER a candidate for re-election to the Sheriffalty of Jones County.

June 2-d&wtd

CAIN MILLS! CAIN MILLS!!

WE ARE NOW PREPARED TO RECEIVE ORders for Cain Mills, vertical or horrizontal, single or double geared. Persons in want would do well to apply at once, as the demand is pressing, at the North State Iron and Brass Works.

SHAY, WILLIAMSON & CO.

Raleigh, June 4-6t

TO RENT,

A HOUSE IN MOUNT PLEASANT, CABARRUS county, N. C., 9 miles Southeast from Concord and on the N. C. Railroad, containing 8 rooms 20x20 and 2 rooms 20x30 feet; a good fire-place to each room. Double kitchen and other out-buildings.

For further particulars apply to MATHIAS BARRIER in Mount Pleasant, or to ALFRED SMITH, Whitesville, N. C. Feb. 13-tf.

WANTED.

A GOOD COOK AND WASHER FOR THE BALance of the year, for whom good wages will be given. Apply at

May 3-tf PROGRESS OFFICE.

Quartermaster's Office, C. S. A.,
Raleigh, N. C., June 1st 1864.

STRAW IS URGENTLY REQUIRED TO MAKE bedding for the wounded soldiers at the Hospitals of this post.

I appeal to all who have any on hand to bring it in immediately.

They will not only perform a patriotic duty in alleviating the sufferings of our wounded veterans, but can secure ample compensation. W. H. PEIRCE,

June 2-d12t Capt. & A. Q. M.

THE DAILY PROGRESS.

VOL. V. RALEIGH, WEDNESDAY, JUNE 8, 1864. NO. 179.

CASUALTIES.

SIXTH N. C. REGIMENT.

The following is a list of casualties in the Thirty-Seventh North Carolina Regiment, Lane's Brigade, from May 5th to May 14th inclusive:

Field and Staff—Col W M Barbour prisoner; Sergeant Major C T Wright, wounded.

Co A—Killed—Corp C Childress; Private A Pendergrass, J Simmons, M Taylor. Wounded—2d Lt E A Carter, mortally, since dead; Privates W J Davis, in leg; S Hooch arm; E Sevort hand. Prisoner—Sergt R M Perry. Missing—Privs F M Capstecart, A Bare, J Holloway, R McCormic, E Osborne, J Roten, W Royall, H Tomlinson, Wm Walker, L D Ward.

Co B—Killed—1st Lt C T Haigh, privs J R Tucker, Sol Green, A L Garland. Wounded—Sergts H D Hagerman, J W Green; privs A Estip left eye; F Faircloth foot; C Howell leg; A Hartley arm; H H Campbell leg; N Grier, W M Grier, J M Mills, Dan Blevins contusion; J W Tucker and L Hodges hip; C Davis foot; W F Campbell, Wm Massey and Amos Stone wounded and captured. Missing—Sergt John Hayne, privs J Burgess, F Clanton, J S Council, B Davis, D Huddler, G W Miller, S Privett, I Long, F M Triplett, W J Lowe, D L Turnmire, P W Turnmire.

Co C—Killed—Lt B A Johnston. Wounded—Capt L A Potts wrist; Sergts J H Alexander, J C Beard leg; Corpl W W Torrence shoulder; privs T S Armour leg; J W Goodman hand; J H Torrence hand; John Carpenter hand. Missing—Lieut J D Brown, privs J Carpenter, W W Caldwell, M B Pippins.

Co D—Killed—Capt H C Grady, priv J E Parker. Wounded—Lt J M Cochrane slightly; privates J Q Adams and P C Griffin slightly; J P Houghtattler severely; M Mauney slightly; A W H Price severely; E Phillips severely. Missing—privs L G Collins, G Medlin.

Co E—Killed—Priv J W Munday. Wounded—Sergt S P Shull, wounded and captured; Corpl W H Hilliard foot; privs B Price, J Shook hip; M Teague neck. Missing—A L Cable, J C Lusk, A J Teague, T Price, D Hicks, T Alexander, D C Dugger, B Hartley.

Co F—Killed—Ord Sergt H M Bryan. Wounded—Sergt T J Vannoy, Acting Ensign R M Staley leg; privs J Lyons, B L Davidson, E Summerlin. Missing—A Lyons, N C Davis, W R Davidson, S Hawkins, J Frazier, C Shew, W Luffman, R F Roberts.

Co G—Killed—Sergt A A Cryder; privs B Thomas, T J Lowdermilk, J T Rogers, W W Robinett.—Wounded—Capt D L Hudson arm; Ord Sergt D F Hartman abdomen; Sergt N J Deal hand; Corpl C C Peel arm; priv H Smith face. Missing—privs A G Bowley, J Crouch.

Co H—Killed—Ord Sergt T L P Ford. Wounded—privs J D Lineberger breast; L D Glenmor thigh; W M Stroup foot; J B Thomasson hip; A A Morris, wounded and captured; J Blackwood wounded and captured; W G Ford neck, C Reynolds, T Black hand; D L Beam hand. Missing—privs S Conley, L Cannady, J J Whitesides, D L Brown, D F West, G Bell, W C Abernathy.

Co I—Killed—Sergt J Talley. Wounded—1st Lt B H Russell face; privs J A Edwards hand; W J Crocker wounded and captured. Missing—privs W T Devine, I McGee, J A Burns, C Paysoner, M Carpenter.

Co K—Wounded—Sergt M C Cox thigh; privs J J Owens hand; M Beeman face; J L Pugh arm.—Missing—privs S W Cox, W R Caudill, J F Tolliver, W D Jones, L B Sturgill, J Sturgill, Wm Steadham, R Blevins, J H Wyatt, S Landroth, J Caldwell, J S Martin, D Phipps.

RECAPITULATION.

Killed,	21
Wounded,	69
Missing,	78
Total,	168

1ST CAVALRY.

Wounded—Col W H Clark in left shoulder.

Co A—*Wounded*—J Ray severely in leg.

Co B—Killed—Corp S Lassiter, bugler W E Bryan, priva M B Powell.

Co D—*Wounded*—Private Albert *Wright* severely in leg.

Co E—Wounded—Capt C J Iredell in right breast and arm, F A Hawks in thigh severely; J Bullock, J Sims and P W Green. Killed—private C Dickerson.

Co F—*Wounded*—Corpl Chas M Stitler in side severe; priva *W* L Barrier severely in left arm, J *W* Dry in thigh.

Co I—Killed—Corpl B B Meready and private A H *Whaley*. Wounded—*W* H Stetson and John Smith.

Co K—Killed—priv D V Green. Wounded—W Kissland, T Passmore, D Johnson. Missing—Capt J C Blair, priv G *W* Guy.

RECAPITULATION.

Killed,	7
Wounded,	16
Missing,	2
Total,	25

Eight companies of the regiment were present, mounting 212 men and officers. We captured the guidon of the 1st Maine cavalry.

GEO. S. DFWEY, Adjt.

66TH REGIMENT N. C. TROOPS.

The following is a list of casualties in the 66th N. C. T., Martin's Brigade, in the engagement of the 16th, 18th and 20th of May, Col. A. D. Moore, commanding:

Field and Staff—No casualties.

Co A, Capt J *W* Latta commanding. Killed—Privs L Christman and S Browning. Wounded—Sergts *W* J Barrow leg severely; J D Whitaker leg severely; privates F Mangum hand; *W* Tensly hip; R Cates side; N Couch breast dangerously; J Dunnagan shoulder severely; John Pool forehead; John T James finger; H Glenn face severely; S J Garrett thigh; G Phips leg severely; J *W* James wrist; Ransom Pool mortally (since dead); T Whitaker body by shell; W H Cardin hand severely.

Co B, Lt Jas B Bunting commanding. Killed—priv T Bunting. Wounded—O C Stalling head and hand severely.

Co C, Capt. D S Davis commanding. Killed—None. Wounded—Sergt J Grant arm severely; privs H B Smith spine dangerously; H L Horn head dangerously; W J Smith finger.

Co D, Capt W T Robertson commanding. Killed—priv E A Brook. Wounded—Capt W T Robertson side severely, priv J Turner thigh; A Woodward groin; J Cameron hip.

Co E, Capt S S Quinerly commanding. Killed—None. Wounded—privs P B oon head dangerously; J Cox side.

Co F, Capt W J Rasberry commanding. Killed—None. Wounded—Sergt Stanly arm severely; priva C Gooding shoulder severely; W B wen arm severely; W Lyons arm; J Simmons jaw severely; J Weatherington leg.

Co G, Capt E G Blackmer commanding. Killed—Priv Samuel Spate. Wounded—Priv G W Garner hip.

[Co's H and I are not given.—ED.]

Co K—Lt Jno I Massey commanding. Killed—None. Wounded—Lieut Jno I Massey shoulder dangerously; privates H Creech thigh; D J Prince finger.

Total number killed 5. Total wounded 37.

This regiment, with the other two of Martin's brigade, (17th and 43d) were the first troops to reach the enemy's works in the charge of the 20th inst., and behaved with such conspicuous gallantry on the occasion as to win a most flattering notice of their services from our division commander, Gen. R. F. Hoke.

This statement I desire you to publish, Messrs. Editors, inasmuch as a Virginia brigade, supporting us 300 yards in *our rear*, have attempted to appropriate those laurels which were so nobly won by our own troops (North Carolinians) and to whom the honor of the victory gained at Hawlett's Farm, on the 20th inst., so justly belongs.

J. STUART ARMISTEAD, JR.,
1st Lt and Adj't 66th N. C. T.

30TH N. C. TROOPS.

List of casualties in the 30th N C Troops during the late engagements of the army of Northern Virginia up to May 20th, 1864:

Field and Staff—Killed none. Wounded—Col F M Parker severre in side. Missing—Adjutant P W Arrington.

Co A—Killed—1st Sgts L M White, T M Howard, and priv J S Page. Wounded—privs J Butler leg amputated, J Freezland in head, W S McLemore severe in leg, John Miles in shoulder, J M Kelly in hand. Missing—Capt R F Williams, Sergts Johnson and Rockley, Corpls Boss, Boon and Herring, privs Allman, Butler, Boon, Bell, Howard, Hutchinson, Jackson, Johnson, McKenzie, Pope, Reynolds, Tindal, Taylor, Williamson. Killed 3, wounded 5, missing 20.

Co B—Killed none. Wounded—Sgt T G Shearin in hand, corp T W Shearin severe in thigh, privates Buff in arm, B P Davis in abdomen, G W Harris in breast, D H Neal severe in leg, M S Pegram in foot, J A Saintsing in shoulder, C Walker in hand, J L Arrington leg and captured. Missing—Sergt J D Shearin, privs Isham S Riggan and S Riggan. Wounded, 10, missing 3.

Co C—Killed—Privs Pelgrim, Wounst, Williamson. Wounded—Corls Smith and McDowell painful in hand, privs Klutts painful in face, Moore in arm breast, Dickens painful in wrist, Cress hip. Missing—Lt J R Swain, sgt J Millikin, corp Marshall, prvs Battle, Smith, Hickman, Coleman, Miller, Lansford, A L John, A M Johnson, and Hendron. Killed 4, wounded 6, missing 12.

Co D—Killed—Priv Y F Baily. Wounded—prvs W H H Moore severe in shoulder, R S Ross face, Jerry Baily arm, Jesse A Davis flesh in leg. Missing—Corps Ferrell and Thomas, privs Nichols, Lumbley, J H Rogers, A F King, Caswell, King, Edwards.—Killed 1, wounded 4, Missing 8.

Co E—Killed—Sergeants Wells and Henderson.—Wounded—Capt McMillan severe in arm and shoulder, corpls Dempsey severe in thigh, Benton in hand, privs Bostick severe in leg, Cavenaugh in knee, Beasley severe in mouth, J Brown severe in head, Molpass severe in head, Wood severe in abdomen, Murray in hand, Blanton in arm, W B Teschy, in leg, A Evans in hand. Missing—Corpl Pierce, privs Bragg, J N Edwards, Hunter, Hamilton, Mallard, Parker, Piner, D R Strickland and Tucker, Killed 2, wounded 18, missing 10.

Co F—Killed—1st Lieut G K Harrell, 1st sergt W T Whitihurst, Privates Price, W G Crisp, Wm Wormock and E Dickens. Wounded—Capt W M B Moore, dangerous in breast; 2d Lieut S R Moore, severe in abdomen, sergt Walston, in ankle; corpl Pittman, severe in arm; sergt Cherry, severe in leg; privates Burgess in hand; Corbitt severe in hip; Eagles, in arm; E Edwards, severely; Fobes, in hand; E T Harrel, in hand; J Little, severe in hip; J C Little, severe in hand; Phillips, severe in arm; E Stallings, severe in thigh; R D Stallings, severe in leg; G Summerlin, severe in breast and thigh, L Weston, in breast. Missing—privates Corbitt, W S Crisp, G Hathaway and G Madrey. Killed, 6, wounded 16 missing 4.

Co G—Killed—Corp'l Sizemore, Privates J L Crawford, W H Harriss, S R Wilson. Wounded—1st Lieutenant J W Badgette severe in head; 2nd Lieut J T Fulford, in arm; Sergt W J Bailgett; Privates S A Collins, severe in hip; W F Crews, chin, W P Slaughter, serious in leg, thigh and head; W G Connell. Wounded, captured and missing—Sergt Dean, Privates Dickerson, Church, Franklins, R P Harriss, Hamme, Meritt. Killed 4, wounded 7, missing 7.

Co H—Killed—Sergt Morrison, Privates Jackson, Burress. Wounded—1st Lieut. H J McNeill, severe in leg; 2nd Lieut Jackson, in head, severe, died; Corpl Matthews, arm broken; Underwood, in leg; Privates Cole, in thigh; Black, wounded and captured; M C Loyd severe in breast, Lynn, head; McIver, hip; D M McIver in hand; Nason, hip; Rogers, in head and captured; Taylor, severe in foot. Missing Capt Wicker, Sergt McIntosh, Privates Hornaday, Campbell, Cox, Centre, Greey, Horn, King, McFarland, Starns, Thomas. Killed 3, wounded 13, missing 12.

Co I—Killed—Capt J C Harriss, Private A M Joyner, Rich'd Daughtridge. Wounded—1st Lieut. R W Arrington, in leg and captured; Privates Jethro Culpeper, severe in leg; J M Bone, severe in breast; J D Manning, in thigh; J M Pitt, in head; W C Rigsbee, severe in breast; H H Winstead, mortally. Missing—B Griffin, Josiah Crickman, George Winters. Killed 3, wounded 7, missing 8.

Co K—Killed—Sergt Jas Lee, Sergt R B Weeks, Privates S A Johnson, J W Squires, J N Ross, J M Alexander. Wounded—Corpl W D Russel, in leg; Corpl B G Nichols; Privates J L Dickson, in heel; T P Duckworth, severe in abdomen; J H Nelson in face; J M Pierce, leg broken and captured; Jno G Hall, painful in hand; S D Alexander, in hand. Missing—Privates Wm Sample, Geo Dunn, J S Smith, W H Adkins, Wm Adams. Killed 6, wounded 8, missing 5.

FRANK M. FITTS,
Act. Adj't 30th N. C. T.

NURSE WANTED.

A GOOD SERVANT IS WANTED TO ACT AS Child's Nurse, for which a good price will be paid. Apply immediately at PROGRESS OFFICE.

April 7-tf

ATTENTION!

BLANK WARRANTS, LAND DEEDS, MARRIAGE Licenses, County and Superior Court Writs and other Blanks for sale at the Standard Office.

—ALSO—

Job Printing promptly, neatly and accurately executed.

March 18-d&wtf

GOVERNMENT OF NORTH CAROLINA.

His Excellency, Zebulon B Vance, Buncombe, Governor
Col David A Barnes, Northampton, Aid.
do George Little, Wake do
Richard H Battle, Jr, Anson, Private Secretary.
Dr Edward Warren, Chowan, Surgeon General.
John P H Bell, Wake, Secretary of State.
Jonathan Worth, Randolph, Public Treasurer.
Curtis H Brogden, Wayne, Comptroller.
Samuel F Phillips, Orange, Auditor.
Oliver H Perry, Wake, State Librarian.
Major General R C Gatlin, Lenoir, Adjutant General.
Major William B Gulick, Beaufort, Paymaster.
Major John Devereux, Wake, Quartermaster.
Major Thomas D Hogg, Wake, Commissary and Ordnance Officer.
Major James Sloan, Guilford, Quartermaster.
Major Henry A Dowd, Edgecombe, do
Major James H. Foote, Asst. Adj't. Gen., (Roll of Honor.)
Major William A. Graham, Jr., Asst Adjt. General,
Lieut Josiah Collins, Washington county, Ordnance Department.
Lieut. John B. Neathery, Wake, Asst. Adjt. General.
Lieut. Thomas White, Franklin, Asst. Quartermaster.

JUDICIAL.

Supreme Court.—Richmond M Pearson, Yadkin, Chief Justice ..William H Battle, Orange, and Matthias E Manly, of Craven, Judges; Silas H Rogers, Wake, Attorney General; Hamilton C Jones, Rowan, Reporter; Edmund B Freeman, Clerk. [Meets in the city of Raleigh second Monday in June each year. The Morganton term has been discontinued.]

Superior Courts.—Judges.—Edwin G Reade, Person; Romulus M Saunders, Wake; Robert R Heath, Chowan; Robt S French, Robeson; James W Osborne, Mecklenburg; George Howard, Wilson; Robert B Gilliam, Granville; William M Shipp, Henderson.

Solicitors.—1st Circuit, Jesse J Yeates, Hertford; 2nd Circuit, Charles C Clark, Craven; 3rd Circuit, Silas S Rogers, Wake, Attorney General; 4th Circuit, Thomas Settle, Rockingham; 5th Circuit, Ralph Buxton, Cumberland; 6th Circuit, Robert F Armfield, Yadkin; 7th Circuit, William P Bynum; 8th Circuit, Augustus S. Merrimon, Buncombe.

Confederate States District court.—Hon Asa Biggs, Martin, Judge; George V Strong, Wayne, Attorney; W F Watson, Craven, Clerk; Wesley Jones, Wake, Marshal.

Council of State.—F B Satterthwaite, Pitt; Robert P Dick, Guilford; Dr James Calloway, Wilkes; L Hilr day Johnston; J E Hargrave, Anson; Jesse R Stubbs, Martin; James A Patton, Buncombe.

Literary Board.—His Excellency Gov. Vance, President *Ex officio*, Rev William E Pell, Wake, and Professor Richard Sterling, Guilford; Dr. Wm. Sloan, of Gaston; Richard H Battle, Jr, Secretary.

Board Internal Improvements.—His Excellency Govern'r Vance, President *ex officio*, Wm Eaton, Jr, of Warren and J H Flanner, of New Hanover. Richard H Battle, Jr, Secretary.

Commissioners of Sinking Fund.—Hon Thomas Ruffin Alamance, Hon Weldon N Edwards, Warren, and Hon David L Swain, Orange.

The University of North Carolina is at Chapel Hill.—Hon David L Swain, President.

Rev Calvin H Wiley is Superintendent of the Common Schools of the State.

Wiley J Palmer, A M, is Principal of the N C Institution for the Deaf and Dumb and Blind, at Raleigh.

Dr Edward C Fisher is Superintendant to Asylum for

AUCTION AND PRIVATE SALES.

BLOCKADE GOODS FOR SALE.

WE HAVE NOW IN STORE A CONSIGNMENT of several cases of blockade goods, which will be opened and ready for exhibition on Wednesday next, June 8th, consisting of

800 yards black and fancy Cassimeres.
500 yards Trico and Black Cloths.
2000 Black and White English Prints.
100 yards Black French Morino.
312 pair Ladies white cotton Hose.
4 dozen printed cotton Hd'kfs.
6 dozen Ladies Gauze Vests.

The above desirable goods we will offer at wholesale or retail.

CREECH & LITCHFORD,
June 2-d6t Commission Merchants.

FRENCH BROAD LANDS FOR SALE.

GLEN CANNON FARM, TRANSYLVANIA COUNTY, N. C.

THIS FARM LIES ON THE FRENCH BROAD River, within five miles of Brevard, the county town, and is extensively known as the best tract of land, and the most productive property in the county, and probably in Western North Carolina. In salubrity of climate, beauty of scenery, location and fertility of soil, it is unsurpassed by any property in the State. It consists of 1,370 acres land, 400 of which are first quality French Broad bottom, all of which, with the exception of 40 or 50 acres, are cleared and under a high state of cultivation, thoroughly drained and excellent fences, most of which are new lath fencing on locust posts. 2,875 bushels of corn were gathered from 28 acres of this land with ordinary cultivation and without any fertilizer ever having been applied to it. Ninety acres are laid down in the most approved mode, to the grasses and afford heavy crops of hay and excellent pastures. The balance of the tract, say 970 acres, is the heaviest and best timbered mountain land.

The whole tract is under one boundary and may be subdivided advantageously, there being four very eligible and beautiful building sites, with bottom land attached.

On the premises is a good cottage residence, of five rooms, each with a fire place, kitchen, servant houses, ice house, storeroom, diary, smokehouse, framed corn crib, capacity, 3,500 bushels ear corn, one double and five single negro houses, two tenant settlements, an excellent saw and grist mill, all built within thirteen years by the proprietor. The saw mill is driven by an overshot wheel of 28 feet in diameter, and is located at one of the most beautiful water falls of about 100 feet in height and equal to 150 horse power, and only fifteen minutes walk from the residence.

This property for this year is under rent to Gen. Smith, of East Tennessee, who will give any information desired during the absence of the proprietor.

The price for these lands is ($160,000) one hundred and sixty thousand dollars. Payment may be made in Confederate stock at the market value at Columbia, S. C., at time of sale.

With the above property can be purchased twelve remarkably prime and orderly negroes, being a picked gang accustomed to the culture of the farm in the most careful and cleanly style. Among them are four men, three women and five children. The men are excellent plowmen, mowers, cradlers, &c., one is a good carpenter. Of the women, one is an excellent cook and spinner. The children are from 4 to 6 years of age. Also the farm tools, consisting in part of plows, harrows, horse rake, field roller, corn planters, sorgho mill, molasses boilers, corn sheller, straw cutters, timber carts, &c., &c. Also the stock of highly improved cattle.

Address McK. JOHNSTONE,
Care of ANDREW JOHNSTONE,
Flat Rock, N. C.

N. B.—I think I can take the liberty with Judge R. M. Saunders and the Right Rev. Bishop Atkinson, of offering them as references in regard to the value, &c., of my farm.

My cattle consists of 15 head, and my sheep of about 80 head.

I have a considerable lot of lumber and 30,000 shingles on hand.

I will take $200,000 for the land, negroes stock, farm tools, lumber, &c., &c., or will sell separately.

April 26 d&wtf

SURGERY FOR FIELD AND HOSPITAL.

I AM NOW PREPARED TO SUPPLY MY WORK on Surgery to subscribers and others who may wish to purchase it.

On the receipt of $5.00, the book will be sent by mail postage paid. EDWARD WARREN, M. D.,
Aug 21-tf Raleigh, N. C.

WANTED,

A FEMALE TEACHER TO LIVE IN A FAMILY in the country, one who can teach music and embroidery. Any one applying can give reference and state terms. Address Box No. 66, Greensboro', N. C.

May 30 d1m

LOST,

ON SUNDAY EVENING, ABOUT THE PROGRESS Office, or between the Office and the residence of the Editor, a small pocket knife, four blades and nearly new. A liberal reward will be paid for its delivery at

May 3-tf PROGRESS OFFICE.

ADVERTISING RATES.

The following rates will be charged for advertisements inserted in the DAILY and WEEKLY PROGRESS:

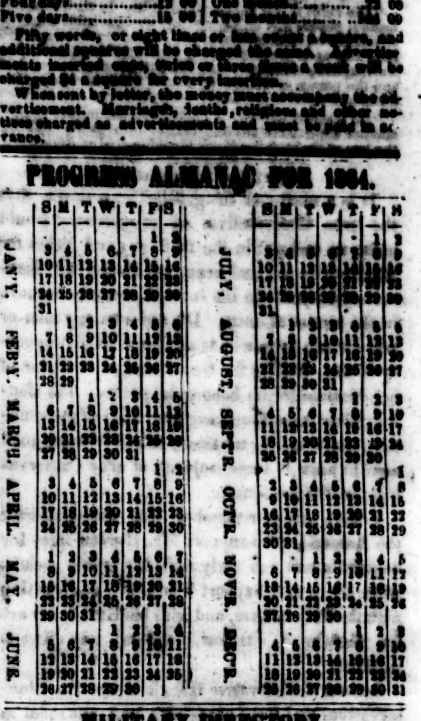
ONE SQUARE OF TEN LINES, OR LESS.

One day	$2 00	One week	$10 00
Two days	3 00	Two weeks	20 00
Three days	4 00	Three weeks	25 00
Four days	12 00	One month	35 00
Five days	15 00	Two months	60 00

Fifty words, or eight lines or less, count a square, and additional squares will be charged the same. Advertisements inserted once, twice or three times a week will be charged $2 a square for every insertion.

When sent by letter, the money must accompany the advertisement. Marriages, deaths, religious and other notices charged as advertisements and must be paid in advance.

PROGRESS ALMANAC FOR 1864.



MILITARY DIRECTORY.

Field Officers, Brigades, Divisions and Corps of North Carolina Regiments:

No.	Colonels.	Lieut. Colonels.	Majors.
1	H A Brown,	J N Harrell,	L C Latham,
2	W R Cox,	W S Stallings,	D W Hartt,
3	S D Thruston,	W M Parsley,	W T Bennett,
4	Bryan Grimes,	J H Wood,	R A Osborne,
5		J W Lea,	W J Hth,
6	B F Webb,	S McD Tate,	
7	E G Haywood,	W L Davidson,	J McL Turner,
8	J M Whitson,		R A Barrier,
9	W H Cheek,	R Barringer,	W H Cowles,
10	S D Pool,	H T Guion,	J T Sparrow,
			J Jas Reilly,
11		W J Martin,	F W Bird,
12	H E Coleman,	W R Davis,	R W Alston,
13	J H Hyman,	H A Rogers,	B B Withers,
14	R T Bennett,	W A Johnston,	J H Lambeth,
15	Wm MacRae,	W H Yarborough,	G W Hammond,
16	W A Stowe,		
17	W F Martin,		T H Sharpe,
18	J D Barry,	J W McGill,	T J Wooten,
19	C M Andrews,	W G Robinson,	W P Roberts,
20	T F Toon,		
21		W S Rankin,	W J Pfohl,
22	T S Galloway,		
23			C C Blacknall,
24	W J Clarke,	J L Harris,	T D Love,
25	H M Rutledge,	S C Bryson,	W S Grady,
26	J R Lane,		J T Adams,
27	J A Gilmer, jr.,	G F Whitfield,	J C Webb,
28	S D Lowe,	W H A Speer,	S N Stowe,
29	W B Cressman,	S S Proffitt,	
30	F M Parker,		
31	J V Jordan,	C W Knight,	J A D McKay,
32		D G Coward,	H G Lewis,
33	C M Avery,	R V Cowan,	J H Saunders,
34	W L J Lowrance,	G T Gordon,	F L Twitty,
35	J G Jones,	J T Johnston,	S B Taylor,
36	Wm Lamb,	J D Taylor,	J M Stevenson,
37	W M Barbour,	W G Morris,	J L Bost,
38	W J Hoke,	John Ashford,	G W Flowers,
39	David Coleman,	F A Reynolds,	
40	J J Hedrick,	Geo Taft,	W A Holland,
41	J A Baker,	A M Waddell,	R Moore,
42	J E Brown,	C W Bradshaw,	T J Brown,
43	T S Kenan,	W G Lewis,	W J Boggan,
44	T C Singletary,	T L Hargrove,	
45		J B Winston,	T McG Smith,
46	W L Saunders,	A C McAllister,	N McNeill,
47	G H Faribault,		A D Crudup,
48	S H Walkup,	A A Bill,	W H Jones,
49	L M McAfee,	J A Fleming,	J T Davis,
50	Geo Wortham,	J C Vanhook,	
51	H McKethan,	C B Hobson,	J & McDonald,
52		M A Parks,	Eric Erson
53	W A Owens,	J T Morehead,	
54	K R Murchison,	A Ellis,	J A Rogers,
55	J K Connally,	A H Belo,	
56	P F Faison,	G G Luke,	J W Graham,
57	A C Godwin,	H C Jones,	J A Craige,
58	J B Palmer,		T J Dula,
59	D B Ferebee,	Ed Cantwell,	J M Mayo,
60	W M Hardy,	J T Weaver,	J T Huff,
61	J D Radcliffe,	W S Devane,	H Harding,
62		G W Clayton,	
63			
64		W N Garrett,	T T Jones,
65	G N Folk,	A H Baird,	J J Spann,
66		J H Nethercutt,	C G Wright,
67	J N Whitford,	R W Wharton,	E Whitford,
68	J W Hinton,	S C Yellowley,	

The First Battalion (Heavy Artillery) is commanded by Maj Alexander McRae; The First Battalion Sharp Shooters by Capt R E Wilson; The Second Battalion (Infantry) by Major James J Iredell, 53d Regiment; The Third Battalion (Light Artillery) by Maj John W Moore; The Tenth Battalion by Maj W L Young; The Twelfth Battalion by Capt J O Cherry; The Thirteenth Battalion (Light Artillery) by Lieut Col Joseph B Starr; The Fourteenth Battalion (Cavalry) by Lieut Col J L Henry. The Fifteenth Battalion (Cavalry) by Lieut Col J N Wynn; The Sixteenth Battalion (Cavalry) by Maj J McRae; Thomas' Legion consists of a Regiment and a Battalion, and is commanded by Col W H Thomas.

The 1st and 3d Regiments are in Stewart's Brigade Johnson's Division, Ewell's Corps.

The 2d, 4th, 14th and 30th are in Ramseur's Brigade, Rodes' Division, Ewell's Corps.

The 5th, 12th, 20th and 23d are in Johnston's Brigade, Rodes' Division, Ewell's Corps.

The 6th, 21st, 54th and 57th and 1st Battalion Sharp Shooters are in Hoke's Brigade, Whiting's Division, Beauregard's Corps. The 43d Regiment is temporarily with this Brigade.

The 7th, 18th, 28th, 33d and 37th are in Lane's Brigade, Wilcox's Division, Hill's Corps.

The 8th, 31st, 51st and 61st are in Clingman's Brigade Pickett's Division, Beauregard's Corps.

The 9th, 19th, 59th and 63d are in Gordon's Brigade, Hampton's Division, Stewart's Corps.

The 11th, 26th, 44th, 47th and 52d are in Kirkland's Brigade, Heth's Division, Hill's Corps.

The 13th, 16th, 22d, 34th and 38th are in Scale's Brigade, Wilcox's Division, Hill's Corps.

The 15th, 27th, 46th and 48th are in Cooke's Brigade, Heth's Division, Hill's Corps.

The 17th, 42d, 50th and 66th are in Martin's Brigade, Whiting's Division, Beauregard's Corps.

The 24th, 25th, 35th, 49th and 56th are in Ransom's Brigade, Pickett's Division, Beauregard's Corps.

The 29th is in Ecton's Brigade, French's Division, Polk's Corps.

The 32d, 43d, 45th, 53d and 2d Battalion are in Daniel's Brigade, Rodes' Division, Ewell's Corps.

The 36th and 40th are in Herbert's Brigade, Whiting's Division, Beauregard's Corps.

The 39th is in McNair's Brigade, French's Division, Polk's Corps.

The 55th is in Davis' Brigade, Heth's Division, Hill's Corps.

The 58th and 60th are in Reynold's Brigade, Stevenson's Division.

The 40th, 41st, 62d, 64th, 65th 67th and 68th are not brigaded.

Office A. & N. C. R. R. Co.,
Greensboro', May 30, 1864.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDers of the Atlantic and North Carolina Rail Road Company will be held in the town of Goldsboro', on Thursday, June 30th, 1864.

June 2-d&wtd J. CICERO JUSTICE, Sec'y.

W. R. RICHARDSON & CO.,
STOCK AND EXCHANGE BROKERS,
June 2-tf RALEIGH, N. C

DAILY [illegible]

WEDNESDAY MORNING, JUNE [illegible]

It is a matter of the greatest importance that the true Conservatives of every county should rouse up and put in the field a good ticket for the Legislature, and hence we advise the leaders of the party in the several counties to move in this matter at once. Do not run any man or vote for any man who is not open in his advocacy of Mr. Holden for Governor and in favor of negotiations for an honorable peace. The Conservatives have the strength in most of the counties, and it is only necessary to put forward good men to have a large majority of true Conservatives in the Legislature.

Let the people remember that candidates for the Assembly who support Mr. Holden are for negotiations for an early and honorable peace, while those who support Vance are co-operating with the Secessionists, and with his Excellency are for "fighting it out now," without any effort to negotiate.

Let our Conservative friends select true Conservatives and good peace men and put them in the field.

The *Mississippian* says that many negroes have escaped from Vicksburg and that all who are there confined would escape if they could.—We are glad to see this, for many of the whites in Mississippi have not been as loyal as they should have been. Many of them have sold their cotton for greenbacks and seem to rejoice when the Confederate forces leave them alone with their Yankee friends. We have in our armies men from Mississippi who are not excelled by those from any other State for gallantry and heroism, but many who they have left behind them are but too glad to accept protection at the hands of the enemy and sell their cotton for greenbacks. Let the *Mississippian* instead of talking of treason in North Carolina, look to its own household.

Gov. Vance recently said on the stump of Raleigh that Lincoln would sue for peace in June, and that the war would stop during the present month. The fact is Gov. Vance is as badly cracked upon the principal of the Lunatic Asylum, and hence is hardly responsible for the extravagant declarations he expresses in public.—To secure votes Gov. Vance will persuade the people that peace is near at hand, but we tell them that peace will never come by Gov. Vance's plan, to "fight it out now," and that it can only be realized by compromise and negotiation.—Therefore, when Gov. Vance promises the people an early peace he is guilty of a wanton and intentional fraud, for he knows that no peace can ever be reached by the policy he advocates.

The *Mississippian*, a paper that published a series of editorial articles, a month or so ago, in favor of compromise and reconstruction, now has an article on the treason of North Carolina. We suppose the cotton planters who hitherto controlled that concern have turned their "chattels" into greenbacks and escaped to the North, and of course no longer have work for the *Mississippian* to do. Therefore this embittered sheet has struck a bargain with the reigning power and now refers to its betters as traitors. Loyalty on the Mississippi river is generally with Cincinnati whisky and Western pork.

Prisoners.—Prisoners taken at Jacksonville a few days since say there are no more than 1500 troops there, 500 negroes and the remainder are Yankees, but they are well fortified. A gunboat lies opposite the town.

The Yankees have landed a cavalry force near Tampa, and also a force below St. Augustine.—Their object is to gather up the cattle, deserters and traitors, and if not soon driven back will prove a damage to us. A force now gathering will no doubt make their trips dangerous.

A friend at Kinston requests us to publish the list of exempts claimed by the Legislature. We have already published the Resolution of Mr. McKay, of Harnett, which was passed by the Assembly, and which claims all State officers named in the bill heretofore passed, and adds overseers and jailers. The act claims all State officers.

Heavy rains have fallen in this vicinity during the last few days and vegetation of every kind is growing rapidly. Some persons are apprehensive of injury to the wheat, but several country friends have assured us of a pretty good yield. The corn is small, but looks well and is growing very fast. Vegetables and fruit are getting quite common.

We fear from the tenor of the dispatches published by us yesterday that Staunton, a flourishing town in the Valley of Virginia, has fallen into the hands of the enemy.

Spring chickens about the size of a bull frog sold in the city market yesterday at $3 and $3.50 each.

From Richmond.

Extract from a letter dated

[illegible], June 2.

"You [illegible] are all Holden men about here."

Extract from a letter dated

Ree Mountain, Chester Co., June 2.

"We are all Holden men about here."

Extract from a letter dated

Smith's Grove, Davie Co., June 2.

"Governor Vance will get but few votes in this vicinity. "Dunkin" is perfectly odious, John Spellman is loathsome, and the Destructives generally as unpopular as ever, and look as though they were just ready to turn tail to the war, 'the last place on earth they want to go.'"

The Richmond papers have advanced their rates to $40 and $50 a year. The *Examiner* is $50 a year, or $15 for three months. The Atlanta papers are $5 a month. The Daily papers of this State are now the cheapest in the Confederacy, but the rapid advance in publication will soon compel us to follow those of Georgia and Virginia.

PROGRESS OF THE WAR.

VIRGINIA.

THE FIGHTING THURSDAY AND FRIDAY.

[From the Examiner.]

Accounts that have come in from the army since our last paper was put to press are even more favorable than those of the fight of Thursday night and Friday, and go to show that our success was not at all over-estimated as at first reported. A gentleman who was on the field that day says that the operations of the two armies up to Friday at four o'clock, when he left the front, may be thus summed up in a word: On Thursday evening, about five o'clock, Wilcox and Breckinridge were ordered to advance and take the crest in the right of Holt. This was done without much resistance or great casualties. The occupancy of this crest gave a commanding position for the right of the line of battle, now held by Wilcox. Just after day, Friday morning, evidently supposing from the vigorous assaults by Early with Ewell's corps, and Heth's division of Hill's corps, on the extreme left, on Thursday afternoon, that our centre and right centre were beaten, the enemy made a most desperate assault upon Holt's and Breckinridge. The attack upon Holt's was repulsed with terrible loss to the enemy, but on Breckinridge's front they succeeded in breaking through Echols' brigade; but Finnegan, with his heroes of Olustee, came rapidly and successfully to the rescue, driving them out at the point of the bayonet. Also in front of Anderson's command (Longstreet's corps,) the enemy for a short time held a portion of the works, including several guns of Haskell's battalion of artillery, but the guns, as were the works, soon recaptured. Other assaults were made against the line, especially in Early's front, but were successfully repulsed.

This is the history, in brief, of the fight of Thursday evening and Friday. The whole affair seems to be about this: The enemy, in great force, assailed our lines in front of Cold Harbor and Gaines' mill; fought with great desperation; made a violent effort to turn and break our right; hurled forward their men in charge after charge, but they were successfully repulsed at every point with immense slaughter; forced to relinquish the struggle, and failed to gain a single advantage—our works remaining intact at the close of the fight, and our men holding every foot of the ground gained by them.

[From the Dispatch.]

In the fight on Friday night Gen. Breckinridge had a narrow escape. His horse was shot under him, and himself somewhat bruised by the fall of the animal, but his injuries are not of such a character as to compel a relinquishment of his active duties in the field.

Affairs on the lines were comparatively quiet on Saturday until a late hour in the evening, when a brisk cannonade commenced, continuing until about 10 o'clock. It was currently reported yesterday that the fight was at McClellan's Bridge, on the Chickahominy, two miles southeast of Dr. Gaines' house, which would have necessitated a change in the lines; but the most intelligent report we have is that it took place on the battle ground of Cold Harbor—that the enemy made two assaults, which were easily repulsed. The opinion in official circles last night, in the absence of official dispatches from headquarters, was that nothing but heavy skirmishing took place, with little loss on either side; though from the rapid firing that was heard in the city, and the accounts of persons who visited the lines yesterday, there can be no doubt that an engagement took place, as stated above.

We have it on undoubted authority that the entire losses in Gen. Longstreet's corps, in the fighting around Richmond, in killed, wounded and missing, amount to only 263. This, compared with the losses of the enemy, is very small, and may be taken as a stand point from which to judge those of the whole army.

No engagement took place yesterday. It was rumored that the enemy sent in a flag of truce asking permission to bury their dead, (which have become very offensive,) and public curiosity was somewhat excited to learn the response to the request. The whole amount of the matter is simply this: The enemy's wounded, who had lain for 48 hours in front of our works, waved their handkerchiefs and hats for assistance, and the Yankees who came out of the woods to render it were picked off by our sharpshooters. Grant is too much of a bull dog to send in a flag of truce, according to the customary mode of civilized warfare, since it would be a partial acknowledgment of defeat.

Army of Northern Virginia,
Near Gaines's Mill, June 5, 1864.

Since Friday morning no engagements of any magnitude or importance have occured between these two contending hosts, and the situation is essentially the same that it was at the close of those desperate and repeated charges. On Friday evening, the enemy attacked Early's front, and also Field's of Longstreet's corps, but were easily repulsed.

About eight o'clock on Friday night, as Hoke, Breckinridge and Mahone were moving forward in order to re-establish the picket lines, which had been temporarily deranged by the slight repulse which Breckinridge sustained on Friday morning, the enemy suspecting that we meant to attack them, also moved forward. A collision ensued; but, however, without much result, and the enemy quickly gave back, and the former picket lines were established as they desired.

Yesterday there was comparatively little heavy skirmishing through the day along the lines, but it amounted to nothing.

Last night the enemy made a feeble assault upon Hoke and Finnegan, but were quickly repulsed. To day all [illegible] Grant in doubtless keeping the Sabbath holy. Our men are in fine spirits, and are being blessed with full rations and vegetable issues.

It is estimated by officers in high position that the enemy's loss is not less than 15,000 in the fights of the past week, whilst ours can scarcely reach one-fifteenth of that number.

The following promotions have just been announced: Brig.-Gen. J. B. Kershaw to be Major-General; Cols. Bryan Grimes, James Conner, Rufus Barringer, and Jno. McCausland, to be Brigadier-Generals.

The following officers have been appointed to the following temporary rank: R H. Anderson and Jubal A. Early to be Lieutenant-Generals; Wm. Mahone and L. D. Ramseur, Major-Generals; W R Cox, T H Toon, W G Lewis, R D Lilly, and —— Tork, to be Brigadier-Generals.

FROM BOTTOM'S BRIDGE.

The enemy's column still remains at Bottom's Bridge and have their artillery posted on the heights beyond. There was occasional shelling on Saturday, which, up to-night, had resulted only in the wounding of one of our men.

Everything remained quiet at Bottom's Bridge yesterday. We have heard another version of the firing on Saturday, which is, that it was all from our side; that our artillery fired ten shots at a wagon camp, two of which went over, but the remaining eight caused a rapid "skedaddling" of the horses, wagoners, and wagons.

FROM THE SOUTHSIDE.

The news from the south side of the James is devoid of interest. On Friday there was an occasional discharge of musketry or a field piece, which inflicted no damage on our side. The gunboats in the James and Appomattox continue to shell the woods at intervals, accomplishing nothing beyond the wasteful expenditure of ammunition and keeping their gunners in practice. Our soldiers have become used to this species of warfare, and it does not in the least disturb their equanimity.

IMPORTANT FROM THE VALLEY.

We have important information from the Valley of Virginia. Hunter (the successor of Sigel) has advanced as far as Port Republic, in Rockingham county, and Crook in advancing over the Warm Springs road, from the West. Hunter refuses to accept battle from General Jones until he has effected a junction with Crook. It is presumed that we have a sufficient force in that direction to render the safety of Staunton secure.

AFFAIRS AT FREDERICKSBURG.

We learn some interesting particulars of the evacuation of affairs at Fredericksburg from citizens of that place who have just arrived in Richmond. During their occupation of the town the Yankees arrested sixty-eight citizens of Fredericksburg and vicinity, and sent them to Washington, whence most of them were transferred to Fort Delaware, and are now held as hostages for a number of Yankee stragglers who were picked up in the place and sent to Richmond. Ten of the number, whose names we give, were released at Washington, and have returned, viz: James H. Bradley, Thomas F. Knox, James McGuire, Councellor Cole, Michael Ames, John G Hurkamp, John J. Chew, George H. Peyton, W. H. Thomas, and John D. Elder.

The houses in Fredericksburg were generally occupied as hospitals, and the number of wounded is represented to have been very great; indeed, some of the citizens say there were more than they supposed could have been disabled had "all the armies in the world" been engaged. A Yankee "Christian Sanitary Commission" came from the North to assist in the care of the wounded, and among the number were Bishop McIlvaine, and other leading ministers of various denominations. Notwithstanding their Christian professions, these men were the most unscrupulous, God-forsaken set that has cursed a Southern community since the war commenced; much worse, it is said, than the soldiers. The citizens called them the "anti-Christian," "Insanitary," and "Satanic" Commission. Their time was chiefly occupied in persuading the negroes to desert their masters, (in which they succeeded very well, about four-fifths of those in the place having gone,) in depredating upon private property, and other acts of vandalism. They strenuously urged the burning of all the buildings, but in this they were unsuccessful. The gunboats and the railroad were constantly employed in carrying off the wounded. The steamer *Jacob Bell*, the last to leave, took her departure on Saturday evening week, on which day the town was evacuated.

The Yankees brought with them but few supplies, and subsisted chiefly by plundering the citizens, all of whose private stores were taken, leaving them in a state of extreme destitution. Even the relief fund supplies, consisting of flour, corn meal, and other provisions, were taken, notwithstanding an urgent appeal that they might be spared for the destitute. A few of the inhabitants, seeing starvation staring them in the face, went over to the enemy's country for relief; but whether they succeeded in getting assistance there or not is unknown.

The shelving and counters of unoccupied stores were taken to make coffins for the dead and fixtures for the wounded. Mr. John Howison's house was sacked, the furniture destroyed, and the barn burnt. The interior of Ficklin's mill was rendered a perfect wreck, and Howison's mill much damaged. Indeed, the work of wanton destruction was very general, and much of it was performed under the Satanic counsels of the "Christian Sanitary Commission."

It was stated by Yankee officers in conversation, which was overheard by citizens, that Grant's losses in Spottsylvania, since the opening of the campaign, would probably reach 75,000 or 80,000.

Stafford, Culpeper and Fauquier counties, it is reported, are full of Yankee deserters and stragglers. The crops in Stafford have not been much injured, the enemy having confined their operations in the immediate vicinity of the railroad.

Inspector [illegible]
Hanson's Command,
Cold Harbor, June [illegible], 1864.

To the Editors of the Richmond Examiner:

My attention has been called to a statement in your paper that in the battle of the first instant, "Gilmer's brigade gave way for a time." In this statement does great injustice to the gallant and patriotic men under my command, I earnestly request you to publish in your next issue this note. My brigade was in line of battle on that occasion, and was heavily attacked along its entire front, from right to left.—The enemy advanced not only in line of battle, but on the left wing also in heavy columns, masked by the line of battle in front. This attack was repeatedly and signally repulsed with great loss to the enemy in my entire front. Those our left where they came in columns, their dead were almost thicker than I have ever seen them on any battle field. Any force advancing in front would have been destroyed as fast it could come up, for my men were singularly impelled with fresh ammunition, and fought with the utmost coolness, courage and cheerfulness.

There was, however, at the beginning of the engagement, a brigade from another South State (by my own statement) on our left. This brigade did give way and while the contest was going on in our front the enemy, in large force, occupied the ground on our left flank and rear. After we had repelled the last attack in front, and the men were cheering along the line, the 6th regiment, which formed my left, was suddenly attacked on its left flank and rear. The words there flying thick, and the smoke dense, the enemy had approached within a few yards and opened a heavy fire on the rear of the 6th as well as its left.—If this regiment had then given way, it might have escaped with much less loss; but, true to its reputation and its past conduct, it, by moving in two directions, attempted to hold its position, and thus lost about two-thirds of its numbers. The left wing of the 61st, next took, suffered in the same manner heavily, because it continued the fight by facing in two directions. They remained in this even after the time; when, seeing that the contest could not be maintained in this mode, I ordered them back, and with the aid of their officers withdrew the survivors. They were then formed in line of battle perpendicular to the original one, with the 21st and 61st regiments, which had also repulsed all the enemy in their front.

The brigade was then under a constant fire from the enemy, formed in a new line of battle across the open fields. While it was so doing, the 27th Georgia regiment, of Gen. Colquitt's brigade, came up from our right hand easily, and advanced in line with us. The enemy were then, after a short struggle, driven back, and the whole of my original line was reoccupied, but the position of the brigade on my left remained in the possession of the enemy without any attempt ever being made to retake it. I feel confident that no brigade from any State in this war, or any other war, ever acted better than did mine under such circumstances. It may not be amiss to state that within the last three weeks it has lost in battle eleven hundred and seventy-three (1,173) men. It is a singular fact, too, but one that is indisputably true, that in every instance in which it has been engaged, whether attacking or defending itself, it has decidedly and signally beaten the enemy in its front, and that four-fifths of its losses have been sustained solely because its flanks have been left unprotected by the troops which should have been there.—They have suffered in this way on six different occasions.

I will not, however, trust myself further to speak of these things. Having been for a month in the trenches every night and day, and a part of the time without a single staff officer, all the members of my staff present having been shot down in the late engagements I have little leisure to write at length. As this statement is not long, I earnestly request those editors whose papers have copied the article above referred to to publish this, remembering that, next to his country, the true soldier values the reputation and glory of his own good actions.

Very respectfully, yours, &c,
T. L. Clingman, Brig. Gen.

GEORGIA.

[From the Atlanta Confederacy, June 4.]

THE FRONT—THE FIRES—THE ARMY.

Heavy and continuous artillery firing was heard yesterday morning and occasionally through the day. We have not heard the result of the action, if any has occurred. From the dearth of news from that quarter we take it that very little of interest has come under the observation of the Press Reporters who are on the field.

The field of operations has been transferred towards the State Railroads, the enemy massing on his left and our army being massed on the right.

The daily skirmishes between the sharpshooters are unusually fatal. They are deployed at intervals of only five paces, and prepare to the enemy almost a line of battle. To meet this the enemy resort to the same disposition of their skirmishers, and hence the fire is much heavier and the casualties more numerous than usual. A skirmish now amounts to little less than a pitched battle every day or so.

The troops continue in cheerful spirits, and are becoming somewhat rested after their recent night marches.

For The Program.]

Conservative Meeting in Burke.

At a meeting of the Conservatives of Bridlestown district, held at Wm. Cowan's on Saturday the 28th May, a large crowd of ladies and gentlemen being present, Mr. R. Jackson McElrath was called to the chair, who explained the object of the meeting in a few brief and appropriate remarks. It was moved and seconded that a committee be appointed to prepare resolutions for the action of the meeting. The Chairman appointed the following gentlemen, Mr. James Fisher, Mr. Jas. M. Thompson, Lieut. J. A. Seals, and Lieut. C. C. Dickson, who retired and in a short time returned, and reported through their foreman, Mr. Thompson, the following resolutions which were read and unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That we are devoted to our principles as Conservatives, and that we will support no man for governor or the Legislature who is not a Conservative "after the straitest sect."

Resolved, That in our opinion there will no necessity for the suspension of the writ of *habeas corpus* in this State; that our people are true to the South of their own accord, and do not need to be forced to be so; and that we hereby request our Representatives in Congress, the Hon. B. S. Gaither, to use all his efforts to procure the speedy repeal of the law suspending said law.

Resolved, That we agree with Gov. Brown of Georgia and Vice-President Stephens, that the blood of hundreds of thousands may yet be spilt, and the war will not yet be terminated by force of arms; negotiations will finally terminate it the pen of the statesman more potent than the sword of the warrior, must do what the latter has failed to do.

Resolved, That in W. W. Holden we have a bold and fearless champion of civil liberty and Conservative principles, and that he is our first choice for Governor. We believe that if elected, as we trust and believe he will be, he will prove true to civil liberty, true to his State, true to the people, and true to our gallant soldiers, and true to Conservative principles, and we will support no man for the legislature in this county who is not his outspoken supporter for Governor.

Resolved, That we nominate our friend and fellow-citizen, Lt. Lemon A. Taylor, to represent us in the [illegible] of Congress, and do most cheerfully recommend him to the people of the county of Burke.

Resolved, That Mr. Ted R. Caldwell is our first choice for Senator from this Senatorial district, composed of the counties of Caldwell, Burke and McDowell, and that we will give him our most cordial support.

Resolved, That the proceedings of this meeting be published in the *Standard* and *Progress*.

On motion the meeting adjourned to meet again on the first Thursday in August next at the different precincts in the county, to give the Conservative ticket an overwhelming majority in this county.

R. JACKSON McELRATH, Chairman.

James A. Seals, Secretary.

Mr. Editor:—I had the pleasure of being a participant in the meeting held at Mr. Wm. Cowan's on the 28th inst. It was composed of the best and most respectable men of the county. The best of order and good feeling attended our meeting every one thought it was good to be there. A committee of three was appointed by the Chair to wait upon Lt. Taylor, and inform him of his nomination. He being absent Lieut. Taylor appeared upon the stand and in a few appropriate remarks accepted the nomination, (though with great reluctance,) said he thought there were men more fitting for the high and important position, nevertheless, if it was really the will of his fellow-citizens, if elected, he would serve them faithfully. He referred to Col. Erwin's contention in being on the heels of W. F. McDowell and W. W. Avery Esqrs., which is certainly so, Mr. Editor, and said he preferred meeting Col. Erwin on the stump, to speaking when he was absent. Sickness prevented Mr. Caldwell from attending and addressing the meeting. But, Mr. Editor, notwithstanding Mr. McKesson's bombast and large wagers, (which he expected no body to take,) we expect to place Lieut. Taylor by a handsome majority, and when you hear from old Burke after the fourth of August next, you will hear of such majorities for W. W. Holden, Ted R. Caldwell and L. A. Taylor, as will astonish the Destructives; and such a victory will have been won that the noble and patriotic sons of the old North State, from the mountains to the seaboard, will rejoice and be exceeding glad. Nuff said.

BURKE.

June 22, 1864.

Appearance of the Georgia and Discipline on Board.—The Confederate cruiser Georgia, which is now in this port, has all the appearance of the most respectable merchantman, and a cargo would be put on board without any hesitation. She mounts only eight guns, but she is so sharply built for running that there is not an enemy that could escape her. Captain Maffit, her commander, is a young man of good address, speaking French fluently, and enjoying a high reputation in America. The remainder of the officers are relatives of the best families in the country. The crew are composed of one hundred and twenty determined men, though by no means of ferocious appearance. The discipline on board is very severe. A few days since while the officers were on shore some inhabitants of Bordeaux, having visited the vessel, distributed among the men some bottles of brandy, and the majority of them became the worse for liquor. Captain Maffit, on returning, had sixty of them put in irons. We do not think we have any right to divulge the object which is generally assigned to the presence of the Georgia at Bordeaux; but her departure will be perhaps, less tranquil than her arrival, as a Federal vessel is said to be cruising night and day off the mouth of the Gironde.—Bordeaux (France) *Gironde*, April 9th.

Death of Lt. J. L. Johnston.—We regret to learn that on Thursday afternoon, or evening, Lt. J. L. Johnston, C. S. N., attached to this station, came to his death by drowning below Fort Caswell, and not far from the Western Bar.

We are not in possession of the particulars, but believe that Lt. Johnston, with the small steamer Equator, had been out to the wreck of the steamer Georgia McCall, and was returning, the weather being rough and the steamer near the breakers. When he was about going to his cabin a sudden lurch or roll threw him overboard. Getting among the breakers he could not be rescued.

Lt. Johnston was a native of Virginia, probably about 28 years of age, a clever, gentlemanly officer, highly esteemed and much regretted by all who knew him. We believe he had been an officer in the old navy, but resigned to cast his fate with his native section.—*Wil. Journal*, 6th.

Randolph and Alamance.—The true Conservatives of Alamance and Randolph counties are requested to meet in convention on the first Saturday in June, at Liberty, Randolph county, instead of the third Saturday in May, to put in nomination a candidate for the Senate, who will support for Governor Mr. Holden, endorsing the great principles of Gov. Brown and Vice President Stephens of Georgia. May 16-td

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To the People of North-Carolina.—In compliance with the wishes of many friends, I announce myself a candidate for the office of Governor of North-Carolina, at the election to be held on the first Thursday in August next.

My principles and views, as a Conservative "after the straitest sect," are well known to the people of the State. Those principles and views are what they have been.—Therefore, I will not repeat.

I am not disposed, at a time like this, to invite the people from their employments, and add to the excitement which prevails in the public mind, by haranguing them at their voters. We need all our energies to meet the common enemy, and to provide means of subsistence for our troops in the field and the people at home. Let the people go quietly and fearlessly to the polls and vote for the men of their choice. I will cheerfully abide their decision, whatever it may be.

If elected I will do every thing in my power to promote the interests, the honor and the glory of North-Carolina, and to restore an honorable peace.

March 4-td W. W. HOLDEN.

Hillsboro' Recorder, Salem Press, Greensborough Patriot, and Henderson Times will please copy till day of election, and forward accounts.

To the Voters of Old Lenoir.—Fellow Citizens and Brother Soldiers:—Through the request of many friends in and out of the army I take this method of announcing myself as a candidate for the Sheriffalty of your county. If I should be so fortunate as to be your choice on the first Thursday in August next I assure you that all business in my hands shall be attended to promptly, justly and impartially, should I be so fortunate as to escape the hands of death during the coming campaign. I am truly in hopes to hear of a nice majority in favor of your obedient servant on the first Thursday in August next.

I am, very respectfully,
Your ob and brother
Of Old Lenoir County,
R. E. YAUSE,
May 13-6awtd 2d Lt. Co. A, 40th Reg't N. C. T.

Johnston County.—We are authorized and requested to announce the following gentlemen as the Conservative candidates to represent the county of Johnston in the next General Assembly:

For the Senate—THOS. D. SNEAD, Esq. For the Commons—W. G. BANKS and W. A. SMITH.

This ticket was selected by the Reserves from Johnston, in camp at Goldsboro, and by a mass meeting of the citizens remaining at home, held at Smithfield on the 25th of May. These gentlemen will be supported by all true Conservatives. They endorse the platform of Vice President Stephens, Gov. Brown and W. W. Holden, and if elected will do all they can to procure an early and honorable peace. June 2-awtd

Standard, Conservative, Confederate, and Christian Advocate are requested to copy till day of election and send bills to this office.